

OMB APPROVAL

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OMB Number Washington, D. C. 20549

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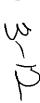
Washington Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant Control of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC	c ·		FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLA 40 WALL STREET – 45 TH FLO	ACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P. O	. Box No.)	PROCESSE
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	ク	THORFSON
(City) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUI	(State) MBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT	IN REGARD	(Zip Code) TO THIS REPORT
RUSSELL POLŁACK		(212) 4	80 - 1400
		(Area Code –	Telephone No.)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCO	DUNTANT whose opinion is containe	d in this Repor	t*
132 Nassau Street, Suite 1023	New York	NY	10038
X Certified Publi	ic Accountant		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONI	<u></u>	

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SEC 1410 (06-02)





independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, WILLIAM MULLIGAN, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2007,
 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, member, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NO	ONE
x_	WWP M J Signature
	MANAGING PANINCE
	Title
x Mu Wonau Notary Public	Lisa Carbonara Notary Public State of New York No #01CA6010513 Qualified in Kings County Commission Expires July 20
This report** contains (check all applicable boxe	
 (x) (a) Facing page. (x) (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (x) (c) Statement of Income (Loss). 	
(x) (d) Statement of Cash Flows.	
 (x) (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' (x) (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Sub (x) (g) Computation of Net Capital. 	
 () (h) Computation for Determination of Rese () (i) Information Relating to the Possession 	or Control requirements under rule 15c3-3.
	e explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under etermination of the reserve requirements Under Exhibit A
	d unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with
(x) (1) An Oath or Affirmation	

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

() (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the

() (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.

date of the previous audit.
(x) (o) Independent Auditors' Report.

NAME OF ORGANIZATION:	BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC
ADDRESS:40	Wall Street - 45th Floor - New York, NY 10005
DATE:	DECEMBER 31, 2007
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, 20 BROAD STREET - 23rd Floor NEW YORK, N.Y. 10005	INC.
Att: Member Firms Department	
Gentlemen:	
	nbers or allied members of BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC cordance with the prescribed regulations and have arranged for ed upon such audit.
report prepared as of DECEMBE	est of our knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial R 31, 2007 represents a true and correct financial statement of rt will promptly be made available to those members and allied appear below. WILLIAM P. MULLIAM Russeu L. Poukker
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I, WILLIAM MULLIGAN, swear that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedule(s) pertaining to the Firm of BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2007, are true and correct. I further swear that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer, director or member has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of customer, except as follows:

No Exceptions

(Signature)

MANAGING PAGNET

(Notary Public)

Lisa Carbonara
Notary Public State of New York
No #01CA6010513
Qualified in Kings County
Commission Expires July 20

BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2007

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,203,837	
Due from broker	219,230 880,101 - 39,926 2,298 \$3,345,392	
Commissions receivable		
Fixed assets - net of accumulated depreciation of \$206,444 (Note 2e)		
Other assets		
Related party receivable		
Total assets		
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 620,310	
Due to parent company	150,000	
Total liabilities	770,310	
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 3 and 6)	•	
Capital (Note 7)	2,575,082	
Total liabilities and capital	\$3,345,392	

BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2007

Note 1- Nature of Business

Bay Crest Partners, LLC (The "Company") is a broker/dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Bay Crest Partners, LLC, a limited liability company, is a New York State company formed in 1993 for the purpose of conducting business as a broker on the floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

Amerivest Partners, LLC, a limited liability company ("Amerivest"), is a New York State company formed in 1999 for the purpose of conducting business as a broker on the floor of the American Stock Exchange.

Freedom Holding Group LLC, a limited liability company ("The Parent") is a New York State company formed in 2007 as the 100% owner of the Company and Amerivest.

Through April 30, 2007 the company owned 51.18% of Amerivest. At May 1, 2007 the Parent acquired 100% of the Company and Amerivest.

The financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its minority-owned subsidiary, Amerivest, after elimination of all material intercompany accounts, transactions, and profits through April 30, 2007.

The Company operates under the provisions of Paragraph (k) (2) (ii) of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that rule. Essentially, the requirements of Paragraph (k) (2) (ii) provide that the Company clears all transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker/dealer, and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers and maintains and preserves all related books and records as are customarily kept by a clearing broker/dealer.

Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions (and the recognition of related income and expenses) are recorded on a trade date basis. Commission income and related expense are recorded on a settlement date basis.

b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers money market funds maintained with banks and brokers to be cash and cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash in bank accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits or where no insurance is provided. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2007

Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

c) Income Taxes

Income taxes are not payable by, or provided for, the Company. Members are taxed individually on their share of Company earnings for federal and state income tax purposes. The accompanying financial statements have been adjusted to provide for unincorporated business tax based upon Company income, if applicable.

d) Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation of furniture and fixtures is computed on the straight-line method using estimated useful lives of four to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the economic useful life of the improvement or the term of the lease.

e) Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses.

Note 3- Commitments and Contingencies

Office Lease

The Company leases premises under a lease expiring February 27, 2009. At December 31, 2007, the minimum rental commitments, before escalations, under the lease is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Amount</u>	
2008	\$248,360	
2009	\$ 41.393	

Lines of Credit

The Company has established two revolving lines of credit totaling \$1,000,000. Interest is calculated at prime plus ½%, and the lines of credit are collateralized by all of the assets of the Company. As of December 31, 2007, none of these amounts have been drawn upon by the Company.

Consulting Agreement

The Company entered into a withdrawal and consulting agreement with a former member, expiring December 31, 2008. The agreement calls for maximum payments of \$270,000 in 2008. 50% of such payments will be allocated to the consulting services provided to the Company, and 50% for the redemption of his interest in the Company.

Note 4- Profit Sharing Plan

The Company maintains a defined contribution plan covering substantially all employees. The Company contributes annually at the discretion of management. The Company's maximum contribution is 5% of the eligible compensation. For the year ended December 31, 2007, the Company's liability to the plan was \$116,508.

BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2007

Note 5- Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Credit Risk

As a securities broker, the Company is engaged in buying and selling securities for a diverse group of institutional and individual investors. The Company introduces these transactions for clearance to another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with non-performance of customers in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to securities transactions can be directly impacted by volatile trading markets which may impair the customer' ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company and the Company's ability to liquidate the collateral at an amount equal to the original contracted amount. The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to such non-performance by its customers.

The Company seeks to control the aforementioned risks by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory requirements and the clearing broker's internal guidelines. The Company monitors its customer activity by reviewing information it receives from its clearing broker on a daily basis, and requiring customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions, when necessary

Note 6- Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 1500%. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$2,247,693, which was \$2,196,339 in excess of its required net capital of \$51,354. The Company's net capital ratio was 34.27%.



132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074 E-mail: LS@lernersipkin.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Officers and Directors of Bay Crest Partners, LLC and Subsidiary 40 Wall Street – 45th Floor New York, N.Y. 10005

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Bay Crest Partners, LLC as of December 31, 2007. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bay Crest Partners, LLC as of December 31, 2007, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP
Certified Public Accountants (NY)

New York, NY January 30, 2008

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BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2007

BAY CREST PARTNERS, LLC INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

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Washington, DC



132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074 E-mail: LS@lernersipkin.com

To the Members of Bay Crest Partners, LLC and Subsidiary 40 Wall Street – 45th Floor New York, NY 10005

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Bay Crest Partners, LLC as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion of the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5 (g) (1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5 (g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3 (a) (11); and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity' internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

Further, that no material differences existed between our computations of your net capital, or determination of the reserve requirements, and your corresponding Focus Report Part IIA filing.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control and that alternatively greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies, that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants (N.Y.)

New York, NY January 30, 2008

